obtain a *Test Dilution* having a concentration assumed to be equal to the median dose level of the Standard.

Naftifine Hydrochloride

C21H21N · HCl 323.86

1-Naphthalenemethanamine, *N*-methyl-*N*-(3-phenyl-2-propenyl)-, hydrochloride (*E*)-.

(E)-N-Cinnamyl-N-methyl-1-naphthalenemethylamine hydrochloride [65473-14-5].

» Naftifine Hydrochloride contains not less than 99.0 percent and not more than 101.0 percent of $C_{21}H_{21}N \cdot HCI$, calculated on the dried basis.

Packaging and storage—Preserve in tight containers.

USP Reference standards (11)—USP Naftifine Hydrochloride RS

Identification, *Infrared Absorption* (197K).

Melting range $\langle 741 \rangle$: between 175° and 179°.

Loss on drying (731)—Dry over phosphorus pentoxide at 105° for 4 hours: it loses not more than 0.5% of its weight.

Residue on ignition $\langle 281 \rangle$: not more than 0.1%.

Heavy metals, Method II $\langle 231 \rangle$: 0.001%.

Chromatographic purity-

Mobile phase, Standard preparation, and Chromatographic system—Proceed as directed in the Assay.

Test preparation—Use the Assay preparation.

Procedure—Inject a volume (about 15 µL) of the Test preparation into the chromatograph, record the chromatogram, and measure the peak responses. Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Naftifine Hydrochloride taken by the formula:

$$100(r_i / r_s)$$

in which r_i is the peak response for each impurity, and r_s is the sum of the responses of all of the peaks: not more than 0.1% of any individual impurity is found, and the sum of all impurities is not more than 1.0%.

Assay-

Mobile phase—Prepare a filtered and degassed mixture of n-hexane, alcohol, dimethylformamide, and formic acid (200:60:40:2), cover tightly with a moisture-proof film, and allow to stand for 12 hours at room temperature. Make adjustments, if necessary (see System Suitability under Chromatography (621)).

Standard preparation—Dissolve an accurately weighed quantity of USP Naftifine Hydrochloride RS in *Mobile phase*, and dilute quantitatively, and stepwise, if necessary, with *Mobile phase* to obtain a solution having a known concentration of about 0.2 mg per mL.

Assay preparation—Transfer about 10 mg of Naftifine Hydrochloride, accurately weighed, to a 50-mL volumetric flask, dissolve in and dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume.

Chromatographic system (see Chromatography $\langle 621 \rangle$)—The liquid chromatograph is equipped with a 270-nm detector and a 4.6-mm \times 25-cm column that contains 5- μ m packing L3. The flow rate is about 2.0 mL per minute.

Procedure—Separately inject equal volumes (about 15 µL) of the Standard preparation and the Assay preparation into the

chromatograph, record the chromatograms, and measure the responses for the major peaks. Calculate the quantity, in mg, of $C_{21}H_{21}N \cdot HCl$ in the portion of Naftifine Hydrochloride taken by the formula:

$$50C(r_U/r_S)$$

in which C is the concentration, in mg per mL, of USP Naftifine Hydrochloride RS in the *Standard preparation*, and r_U and r_S are the peak responses obtained from the *Assay preparation* and the *Standard preparation*, respectively.

Naftifine Hydrochloride Cream

» Naftifine Hydrochloride Cream contains not less than 90.0 percent and not more than 110.0 percent of Naftifine Hydrochloride ($C_{21}H_{21}N \cdot HCI$) in a water-miscible base.

Packaging and storage—Preserve in tight containers.

USP Reference standards ⟨11⟩— USP Naftifine Hydrochloride RS

Identification—The retention time of the major peak in the chromatogram of the *Assay preparation* corresponds to that of the *Standard preparation* as obtained in the *Assay*.

Microbial enumeration tests (61) and **Tests for specified microorganisms** (62)—It meets the requirements of the tests for absence of *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa.*

Minimum fill (755): meets the requirements.

pH (791): between 4.0 and 6.0.

Assay-

Mobile phase, Standard preparation, and Chromatographic system—Proceed as directed in the Assay under Naftifine

Assay preparation—Transfer about 1000 mg of Cream, accurately weighed, to a 100-mL volumetric flask, dissolve in 60 mL of methanol, mix vigorously for 2 minutes, and dilute with methanol to volume. Heat at 45° for 5 minutes, and cool to room temperature.

Procedure—Separately inject equal volumes (about 15 μ L) of the *Standard preparation* and the *Assay preparation* into the chromatograph, record the chromatograms, and measure the responses for the major peaks. Calculate the quantity, in mg, of $C_{21}H_{21}N \cdot HCl$ in the portion of Cream taken by the formula:

$$100C(r_U/r_S)$$

in which C is the concentration, in mg per mL, of USP Naftifine Hydrochloride RS in the Standard preparation, and r_U and r_S are the peak responses obtained from the Assay preparation and the Standard preparation, respectively.

Naftifine Hydrochloride Gel

» Naftifine Hydrochloride Gel contains not less than 90.0 percent and not more than 110.0 percent of Naftifine Hydrochloride ($C_{21}H_{21}N\cdot HCl$) in a water-miscible base.

Packaging and storage—Preserve in tight containers.

USP Reference standards (11)—USP Naftifine Hydrochloride RS