Meglumine Iotalamate Injection

イオタラム酸メグルミン注射液

Meglumine Iotalamate Injection is an aqueous solution for injection. It contains not less than 95% and not more than 105% of the labeled amount of iotalamic acid ($C_{11}H_9I_3N_2O_4$: 613.91).

Method of preparation

(1)	
Iotalamic Acid	227.59 g
Meglumine	72.41 g
Water for Injection	a sufficient quantity
	To make 1000 mL
(2)	
Iotalamic Acid	455 g
Meglumine	145 g
Water for Injection	a sufficient quantity
	To make 1000 mL

Prepare as directed under Injections, with the above ingredients (1) or (2).

Description Meglumine Iotalamate Injection is a clear, colorless to pale yellow, slightly viscous liquid.

It gradually changes in color by light.

Identification (1) To 1 mL of Meglumine Iotalamate Injection add 1 mL of potassium naphthoquinone sulfonate TS and 0.2 mL of sodium hydroxide TS: a deep red color develops.

(2) To a volume of Meglumine Iotalamate Injection, equivalent to 1 g of Iotalamic Acid according to the labeled amount, add 25 mL of water, and add 2.5 mL of dilute hydrochloric acid while shaking: a white precipitate is produced. Filter the precipitate by suction through a glass filter (G4), wash the precipitate with two 10-mL portions of water, and dry at 105°C for 4 hours. Proceed with the precipitate so obtained as directed in the Identification (2) under Iotalamic Acid.

Optical rotation

Method of preparation (1) α_D^{20} : -1.67 - -1.93° (100 mm).

Method of preparation (2) α_D^{20} : $-3.35 - 3.86^{\circ}$ (100 mm).

pH 6.5 - 7.7

Purity (1) Primary aromatic amines—To a volume of Meglumine Iotalamate Injection, equivalent to 0.20 g of Iotalamic Acid according to the labeled amount, add 15 mL of water, shake, add 4 mL of a solution of sodium nitrite (1 in 100) under ice-cooling, and proceed as directed in the Purity (2) under Iotalamic Acid: the absorbance is not more than 0.17.

(2) Iodine and iodide—Take a volume of Meglumine Iotalamate Injection, equivalent to 1.5 g of Iotalamic Acid according to the labeled amount, and proceed as directed in the Purity (2) under Sodium Iotalamate Injection.

Bacterial endotoxins Less than 0.90 EU/mL.

Assay To an exactly measured volume of Meglumine Iotalamate Injection, equivalent to about 4 g of iotalamic acid (C₁₁H₉I₃N₂O₄), add water to make exactly 200 mL. Pipet 2 mL of this solution, add water to make exactly 200 mL. To exactly 5 mL of this solution add exactly 5 mL of the internal standard solution, add the mobile phase to make 100 mL, and use this solution as the sample solution. Separately, weigh accurately about 0.4 g of iotalamic acid for assay, previously dried at 105°C for 4 hours, dissolve in 100 mL of water and 1 mL of sodium hydroxide TS, and add water to make exactly 200 mL. Pipet 5 mL of this solution, add water to make exactly 50 mL. To exactly 5 mL of this solution add exactly 5 mL of the internal standard solution, add the mobile phase to make 100 mL, and use this solution as the standard solution. Perform the test with 10 μ L each of the sample solution and the standard solution as directed under the Liquid Chromatography according to the following conditions, and calculate the ratios, Q_T and Q_S , of the peak area of iotalamic acid to that of the internal standard.

Amount (mg) of iotalamic acid ($C_{11}H_9I_3N_2O_4$) = amount (mg) of iotalamic acid for assay $\times \frac{Q_T}{O_S}$

Internal standard solution—A solution of L-tryptophan in the mobile phase (3 in 2500).

Operating conditions—

Detector: An ultraviolet absorption photometer (wavelength: 240 nm).

Column: A stainless steel column 4.6 mm in inside diameter and 15 cm in length, packed with octadecylsilanized silica gel for liquid chromatography (5 μ m in particle diameter).

Column temperature: A constant temperature of about 20°C.

Mobile phase: Dissolve 3.9 g of phosphoric acid and 2.8 mL of triethylamine in water to make 2000 mL. To this solution add 100 mL of acetonitrile.

Flow rate: Adjust the flow rate so that the retention time of iotalamic acid is about 6 minutes.

System suitability-

System performance: When the procedure is run with $10 \mu L$ of the standard solution under the above operating conditions, iotalamic acid and the internal standard are eluted in this order with the resolution between these peaks being not less than 5.

System repeatability: When the test is repeated 6 times with $10 \mu L$ of the standard solution under the above operating conditions, the relative standard deviation of the ratios of the peak area of iotalamic acid to that of the internal standard is not more than 1.0%.

Containers and storage Containers—Hermetic containers, and colored containers may be used.

Storage—Light-resistant.